in copies

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April 7, 1980

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Introduced by BILL REALS

Proposed No.

79-1364

## ORDINANCE NO.

AN ORDINANCE relating to the protection and preservation of landmarks, and landmark sites and districts in King County; creating a Landmarks Commission; establishing procedures for designation and preservation of landmarks and landmark sites and districts; providing for enforcement and prescribing penalties for violations.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

SECTION 1. Findings and Declaration of Purpose.

The King County Council finds that:

- (1) The protection, enhancement, perpetuation and use of buildings, sites, districts, structures and objects of historical, cultural, architectural engineering, geographic and archeological significance located in King County is necessary in the interest of the prosperity, civic pride and general welfare of the people of King County.
- (2) Such cultural and historic assets are a significant part of the heritage, education and economic base of King County, and the economic, cultural and aesthetic standing of the County cannot be maintained or enhanced by disregarding the heritage of the County and by allowing the unnecessary destruction or defacement of such assets.
- (3) Present preservation programs and activities are inadequate to insure present and future generations of King County residents and visitors a genuine opportunity to appreciate and enjoy our historical and cultural heritage.

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 (4) The purposes of this ordinance are to:

- (a) designate, preserve, protect, enhance and perpetuate those sites, buildings, districts, structures and objects which reflect significant elements of the county's, state's and nation's cultural, aesthetic, social, economic, political, architectural, archeological engineering, historic and other heritage;
  (b) foster civic pride in the beauty and accomplishments of the past;
- (c) stabilize and improve the economic vitality and values of landmarks, sites, districts, buildings, structures and objects;
- (d) protect and enhance the county's tourist industry;(e) promote the continued use of outstanding sites,districts, buildings, structures and objects forthe education, inspiration and welfare of the peopleof King County;
- (f) promote and continue private incentives for ownership and utilization of landmark buildings, sites, districts, structures and objects;
- (g) assist, encourage and provide incentives to private owners for preservation, restoration, redevelopment and use of landmark buildings, sites, districts, structures and objects.

SECTION 2. Definitions.

The following words and terms shall, when used in this ordinance, be defined as follows unless a different meaning clearly appears from the context:

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- (1) "Alteration" is any construction, demolition, modification, restoration or remodeling for which permit from the Manager of the King County Building and Land Development Division or his designee is required.
- (2) "Certificate of Appropriateness" is written authorization issued by the Commission or its designee permitting an alteration or significant change in one or more significant features of a designated landmark, landmark site or district.
- (3) "Commission" is the Landmarks Commission created by this ordinance.
- (4) "Community Landmark" is an easily identifiable visual feature of a neighborhood or the county which has been designated pursuant to Section 4(2) of this ordinance but which may be altered or changed without application for or approval of a Certificate of Appropriateness.
  - (5) "Council" is the King County Council.
- (6) "Designation" is the act of the Commission determining that a landmark, landmark site or district meets the criteria established by this ordinance for protection and preservation.
- (7) "Designation Report" is a report issued by the Commission after an action meeting setting forth its determination to designate a landmark, landmark site or district and specifying the significant feature or features thereof.
- (8) "Historic Preservation Officer" is the King County Historic Preservation Officer or his designee.
- (9) "Incentives" are such compensation, rights or privileges or combination thereof, which the council, or other local, state or federal public body or agency, by virtue of applicable present or future legislation, may be authorized

to grant to or obtain for the owner(s) of designated landmarks, landmark sites or districts. Examples of economic incentives include but are not limited to tax relief, conditional use permits, rezoning, street vacation, planned unit development, transfer of development rights, facade easements, gifts, preferential leasing policies, private or public grants-in-aid, beneficial placement of public improvements, or amenities, or the like

- (10) "Improvement" is any building, structure, or other object constituting a physical improvement of real property.
- (11) "Interested Person of Record" is any individual, corporation, partnership or association which notifies the commission or the council in writing of its interest in any matter before the commission.
- (12) "Landmark" is an improvement or object designated as a landmark pursuant to this ordinance.
- (13) "Landmark District" is a contiguous geographic area designated as a landmark district pursuant to this ordinance.
- (14) "Landmark Site" is a site, with or without improvements, designated as a landmark site pursuant to this ordinance.
- (15) "Manager" is the Manager of the King County Building and Land Development Division or his designee.
- (16) "Nomination" is a proposal that any object, site, improvement or area be designated a landmark, landmark site, or landmark district.
- (17) "Object" is any tangible thing, including any ship, which may or may not be attached to real property.
- (18) "Owner" is a person having a fee simple interest, a substantial beneficial interest of record or a substantial

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beneficial interest known to the commission in an object, site or improvement. Where the owner is a public agency or government, that agency shall specify the person or persons to receive notices hereunder.

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- (19) "Party of Record" includes the commission, the owner, the applicant, the person in charge, and the nominator of any proposed landmark, landmark site or district.
- (20) "Person" is any individual, partnership, corporation, group or association.
- (21) "Person in Charge" is the person or persons in possession of an object, improvement, lot or parcel including but not limited to a mortgagee or vendee in possession, an assignee of rents, a receiver, executor, trustee, lessee, tenant, agent, or any other person directly or indirectly in control of an object, improvement or lot or parcel of real property.
- (22) "Preliminary Determination" is a decision of the Commission determining whether or not an object, improvement, site or district which has been nominated for designation is of significant value and is likely to satisfy the criteria for designation.
- (23) "Significant Change" is any alteration in a significant feature not requiring a permit from the Manager but for which the commission's designation report requires a certificate of appropriateness prior to alteration.
- (24) "Significant Feature" is any characteristic of an improvement, object, site, or district which the Commission has designated pursuant to this ordinance as of importance to the historic value of the property for which the preliminary determination or the designation report requires a certificate of appropriateness prior to alteration.

## SECTION 3. Landmarks Commission.

- (1) There is hereby created the King County Landmarks Commission ("commission") which shall consist of nine members selected as follows:
- (a) The nine (9) members of the Commission shall be appointed by the King County Executive, subject to confirmation by the Council, provided that no more than four (4) members shall reside within any one municipal jurisdiction. The members shall have demonstrated an active interest in historic preservation.
- (b) The King County Executive may solicit nominations for persons to serve as members of the commission from the King County Association of Historical Organizations, the American Institute of Architects (Seattle Chapter), the Seattle King County Bar Association, the Seattle Master Builders, the Chambers of Commerce, and other professional and civic organizations familiar with landmark preservation.
- term. In the event of a vacancy, an appointment shall be made to fill the vacancy in the same manner and with the same qualifications as if at the beginning of the term, and the person appointed to fill the vacancy shall hold the position for the remainder of the unexpired term. Any member may be reappointed to serve not more than two consecutive three-year terms. A member shall be deemed to have served one term if such member resigns at any time after appointment or if such member serves more than two years of an unexpired term. The members of the commission shall serve without compensation except for out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with commission meetings or programs.
- (3) The King County Executive shall appoint the chairman of the commission from among the commission members.

Within six months of its first meeting, the commission shall adopt rules and regulations, including procedures consistent with this ordinance. The members of the commission shall be governed by the King County Code of Ethics, KCC ch. 3.04 as hereafter amended. The commission shall not conduct any public hearing required under this ordinance until rules and regulations have been filed with the County Clerk.

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- (4) A majority of the current appointed and confirmed members of the commission shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. All official actions of the commission shall require a majority vote of the members present and voting.

  No member shall be eligible to vote upon any matter required by this ordinance to be determined after a hearing unless that member has attended the hearing or familiarized him or herself with the record.
- Planning and Community Development shall provide staff support to the commission and shall assign a professionally qualified member of the Department's staff to act as a full-time historic preservation officer. The historic preservation officer shall be an employee of the Department of Planning and Community Development. Under the direction of the commission, the historic preservation officer shall be the custodian of the commission's records. The historic preservation officer or his or her designed shall conduct official correspondence, assist in organizing the commission, organize and supervise the commission staff and the clerical and technical work of the commission to extent required to administer this ordinance.

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(6) The commission shall meet at least once each month

for the purpose of considering and holding public hearings on 2 3 ' nominations for designation and applications for certificates of appropriateness. Where no business is scheduled to come before the commission seven (7) days before the scheduled monthly meeting, the Chairman of Commission may cancel the meeting. All 7 meetings of the commission shall be open to the public. The 8 commission shall keep minutes of its proceedings, showing the action of the commission upon each question, and shall keep 10 records of all official actions taken by it, all of which shall 11 be filed in the office of the historic preservation officer and 12 shall be public records. 13 14 15

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(7) At all hearings before and meetings of the commission, all oral proceedings shall be electronically recorded. Such proceedings may also be recorded stenographically by a court reporter if any interested person at his or her expense shall provide a court reporter for that purpose. A tape recorded copy of the electronic record of any hearing or part thereof

the reasonable expense thereof.

SECTION 4. Criteria for Designation.

shall be furnished to any person upon request and payment of

(1) An object, improvement, site or district may be designated as a King County landmark, landmark site or district if it is more than forty years old or, in the case of a landmark district, contains improvements that are more than forty years old, and possesses integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling and association, and:

(a) is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of national, state or local history; or

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- (b) is associated with the lives of persons significant in national, state or local history; or
- (c) embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, style or method of design or construction, or that represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components may lack individual distinction; or
- (d) has yielded or may be likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history; or
- (e) is an outstanding work of a designer or builder who has made a substantial contribution to the art; or
- designated a community landmark because of its prominence of spatial location, contrasts of siting, age or scale, it is an easily identifiable visual feature of a neighborhood or the county and contributes to the distinctive quality or identity of such neighborhood or county. An improvement or site qualifying for designation solely by virtue of satisfying criteria set out in this section shall be designated a community landmark and shall not be subject to the provisions of Section 8.
- (3) Cemeteries, birthplaces, or graves of historical figures, properties owned by religious institutions or used for religious purposes, structures that have been moved from their original locations, reconstructed historic buildings, properties primarily commemorative in nature, and properties that have achieved significance within the past forty years shall not be considered eligible for designation. However, such a property will qualify if they are integral parts of districts that meet the criteria set out in Section 4(1) above or if it is:

(a) a religious property deriving primary significance from architectural or artistic distinction or historical importance; or

- (b) a building or structure removed from its original location but which is significant primarily for its architectural value, or which is the surviving structure most importably associated with a historic person or event; or
- (c) a birthplace, grave or residence of a historical figure of outstanding importance if there is no other appropriate site or building directly associated with his or her productive life; or
- (d) a cemetery that derives its primary significance from graves of persons of transcendent importance, from age, from distinctive design features, or from association with historic events; or
- (e) a reconstructed building when accurately executed in a suitable environment and presented in a dignified manner (or) as part of a restoration master plan, and when no other building or structure with the same association has survived; or
- (f) a property primarily commemorative in intent if design, age, tradition, or symbolic value has invested it with its own historical significance; or
- $(g) \ \ a \ property \ achieving \ significance \ within$  the past forty years if it is of exceptional importance.

SECTION 5. Nomination Procedure.

Any person, including the historic preservation officer and any member of the commission, may nominate any site, improvement, district or object for designation as a landmark or landmark site or district. The nomination or designation of an object or

improvement as a landmark shall constitute nomination or designation of the site on which the object or improvement is located as a landmark site unless the nomination provides otherwise. Nominations shall be made on official nomination forms provided by the historic preservation officer, shall be filed with the historic preservation officer, and shall include all data required by the commission. Nominations found to be in order by the historic preservation officer shall be considered by the commission at a public meeting. The historic preservation officer, his or her designee, or the commission may amend or complete any nomination. The historic preservation officer shall mail a copy of any nomination and of any amendment thereto to the owner upon completion.

SECTION 6. Preliminary Determination Procedure.

(1) Upon receipt by the historic preservation officer of any nomination for designation, the officer shall review the nomination, consult where necessary with the person or persons submitting the nomination and the owner and prepare any amendments to or additional information on the nomination deemed necessary by the officer. The historic preservation officer may refuse to accept any nomination for which inadequate information is provided by the person or persons submitting the nomination.

It is the responsibility of the person or persons submitting the nomination to perform such research as is necessary for a preliminary determination by the commission. The historic preservation officer may assume responsibility for gathering the required information, or appoint an expert or experts to carry out this research in the interest of expediting the preliminary determination. The certificate of appropriateness procedure set

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out in section 8 of this ordinance shall not be enforced until after a preliminary determination of significance by the commission.

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- (2) When the historic preservation officer is satisfied that the nomination contains sufficient information and complies with the commission's regulations for nominations, the officer shall give notice in writing to the owner of the property or object and to the person submitting the nomination that a preliminary determination on the nomination will be made by the commission. The notice shall contain the date, time and place of hearing, the address and description of the property, and shall state that, upon a preliminary determination of significance, the certificate of appropriateness procedure set out in section 8 of this ordinance will apply, together with a statement that, upon a preliminary determination of significance, no significant feature may be changed without first obtaining a certificate of appropriateness from the commission, whether or not a building or other permit is required. A copy of the provisions of section 8 shall be included with the notice.
- mailing the notice required herein, refer the nomination and all supporting information to the commission for consideration on the date specified in the notice. No nomination shall be considered by the commission less than fourteen (14) calendar days after notice has been mailed to the owner and person submitting the nomination except where the historic preservation officer or members of the commission have reason to believe that immediate action is necessary to prevent the destruction, demolition, or defacing of an object, improvement, site or district, in which case the notice setting the hearing shall so state.

(4) The commission shall make a preliminary determination on each nomination referred to it only at a public meeting. The commission shall consider the nomination documents, supporting materials, and any written statements concerning the nomination which are submitted no later than three (3) days before the meeting at which a nomination is considered. Upon review of such materials, the commission shall determine whether the object, improvement, site or district nominated is of significant value and likely to satisfy the criteria for designation set out in Section 4 of this ordinance. Such determination shall be effective as of the date of the public meeting at which it is made. Where the commission makes a preliminary determination to approve the nomination for consideration for designation, it shall:

(a) specify the boundaries of the nominated property, the significant particular features thereof, and such other description of the site, improvement, district or object as it deems appropriate;

- (b) set a date, which shall be not less than thirty (30) nor more than forty-five (45) calendar days from the date of preliminary approval of nomination at which a public hearing on the designation shall be held as provided in Section 7,
- (5) Within five (5) working days after the commission has made a preliminary determination approving a nomination for further designation procedures, the historic preservation officer shall file a written notice of such action with the Manager and mail copies of the same, certified mail/return receipt requested, to the owner, the person submitting the nomination and interested persons of record. Such notice shall include:
- (a) a copy of the commission's preliminary determination;

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- (c) the date, time and place of the commission hearing on the designation;
- (d) A statement that all proceedings to review the action of the commission at the hearing on approval of designation will be based on the record made at such hearing and that no further right to present evidence on the issue of designation is afforded pursuant to this ordinance.
- (6) Where the commission rejects a nomination, it shall so notify the owner, the person submitting the nomination and interested persons of record setting forth its reasons why approval of the nomination for further designation procedures is not warranted. Any interested person of record may appeal rejection of the nomination as provided in Section 11(1) of this ordinance.

## SECTION 7. Designation Procedure.

(1) The commission may approve or deny designation of a site, improvement or object only after a public hearing. At the designation hearing the commission shall receive evidence and hear argument only on the issues of (1) whether the district, site, improvement or object meets the criteria for designation of landmarks, landmark sites or districts specified in Section 4 of this ordinance and merits designation as a landmark, landmark

site or district and, (2) the significant features of the district, site, improvement or object. The hearing may be continued from time to time in the discretion of the commission. The decision of the commission shall be made at the next regularly scheduled public meeting of the commission after the close of the public hearing.

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- (2) Whenever the commission approves the designation of all or any portion of the district, site, improvement or object under consideration for designation as a landmark, landmark site or district it shall, within fourteen (14) calendar days of the public meeting at which the decision is made, issue a written designation report which shall include:
- (a) the boundaries of the nominated property and such other description of the improvement or object sufficient to identify its ownership and location;
- (b) the significant features and such other information concerning the district, site, improvement or object as the commission deems appropriate;
- (c) findings of fact and reasons supporting the designation and section (b) above with specific reference to the criteria for designation set forth in Section 4 of this ordinance;
- (d) a statement that no significant feature may be changed, whether or not a building or other permit is required, without first obtaining a certificate of appropriateness from the commission pursuant to the provisions of section 8 of this ordinance, a copy of which shall be included in the designation report.
- (3) Whenever the commission rejects the nomination of all or any portion of the district, site, improvement or object under consideration for designation as a landmark, landmark site

 or district it shall, within fourteen (14) calendar days of the public meeting at which the decision is made, issue a written decision including findings of fact and reasons supporting its determination that the criteria set forth in section 4 of this ordinance have not been met.

(4) Λ copy of the commission's designation report or decision rejecting a nomination shall be delivered or mailed to the owner, to interested persons of record and the Manager within five (5) working days after it is issued.

If the commission rejects the nomination, it shall include in the notice to the Manager a statement that the provisions of Section 8 of this ordinance no longer apply to the district, site, improvement, or object. Any interested person of record may appeal the approval or rejection of a designation in the manner provided in Section 11(2) of this ordinance.

(5) If the commission approves the designation of all or any portion of a district, site, improvement or object, the provisions of Section 8 of this ordinance shall apply to the designated district, site, improvement, object or portion thereof. A copy of the commission's designation report shall be filed with the County Recorder together with a legal description of the designated property and notification that the provisions of Sections 8 and 13 of this ordinance apply.

SECTION 8. Certificate of Appropriateness Procedure.

(1) At any time after a designation report and notice has been filed with the Manager and for a period of six (6) months after notice of a preliminary determination of significance has been mailed to the owner and filed with the Manager, a certificate of appropriateness must be obtained from the commission before any

person may make alterations or significant changes to the significant features or characteristics of the district, site, improvement or object suggested for preservation in the preliminary determination of significance or thereafter specified in the designation report. This requirement shall apply whether or not the proposed change or alteration also requires a building or other permit, provided that the requirements of this section shall not apply to any district, site, improvement or object located within incorporated cities or towns in King County.

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- may be made by filing an application for such certificate with the historic preservation officer on forms provided by the commission, or by filing with the Manager an application for a permit to make alterations or significant changes for which a certificate of appropriateness is required because of the pendency of designation proceedings or the terms of a designation report. The application for a certificate of appropriateness shall include all information and materials deemed necessary by the commission. The Commission may consider or issue a certificate of appropriateness without the submission of final drawings, plans and specifications.
- (3) If an application is made to the Manager for a permit for which a certificate of appropriateness is required before such certificate has been obtained, the Manager shall promptly refer such application to the historic preservation officer and such application shall be deemed an application for a certificate of appropriateness. The Manager may continue to process such permit application, but shall not issue any such permit until the time has expired for filing with the Manager the notice of denial of a certificate of appropriateness or a

certificate of appropriateness has been issued pursuant to this ordinance.

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- (4) After the commission has commenced proceedings for the consideration of any application for a certificate of appropriateness for a particular alteration or significant change by giving notice of a hearing pursuant to subsection 5 of this section, no other application for the same or a similar alteration or significant change may be made until such proceedings and all administrative appeals therefrom pursuant to this ordinance have been concluded.
- (5) Within thirty (30) calendar days after the filing of an application for a certificate of appropriateness with the commission or the referral of an application to the commission by the Manager pursuant to subsection 3 of this section, the commission shall hold a public hearing thereon. The historic preservation officer shall mail notice of the hearing to the owner, the applicant, if the applicant is not the owner, and parties of record at the designation proceedings, not less than ten (10) calendar days before the date of the hearing. No hearing shall be required if the commission, the owner and the applicant, if applicant is not the owner, agree in writing to a stipulated certificate approving the requested alterations or changes or modifications thereof. The commission may, by rule adopted pursuant to this ordinance, authorize the historic preservation officer to issue a certificate of appropriateness by agreement with the owner. If the commission orders a certificate of appropriateness, such certificate shall be issued forthwith and the historic preservation officer shall promptly file a copy of such certificate with the Manager.

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If the commission declines to issue a certificate of appropriateness, it shall at a public meeting forward written recommendations to the council with specific findings in respect to the factors enumerated in Sections 9 and 10 of this ordinance not later than ninety (90) calendar days after the referral of the application by the Manager to the commission, or after the filing of an application for a certificate of appropriateness with the historic preservation officer, and shall mail a copy of said findings and recommendations to the owner, the applicant, the Manager, and interested persons of record within five (5) working days after the recommendations are adopted. In forwarding its recommendations to the council, the commission shall also furnish to the Clerk of the Council copies of the application for a certificate of appropriateness and such final drawings, plans and specifications as were used by the commission in developing its recommendations.

(7) Within ninety (90) calendar days of receipt of the commission's recommendations, the Council may by adoption of an ordinance approve, condition or deny a certificate of appropriateness. Should the council not take action within ninety (90) days, the Clerk of the Council shall automatically issue a certificate of appropriateness at the end of the ninety (90) day period.

<u>SECTION 9.</u> Criteria for Issuing, Denying, and Conditioning Certificates of Appropriateness.

In considering any application for a certificate of appropriateness the commission and the council shall consider the following criteria:

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(1) The extent to which the proposed alteration or significant change would adversely affect the specific features or characteristics specified in the latest of the preliminary determination of significance or the designation report;

- (2) The reasonableness or lack thereof of the proposed alteration or significant changes in light of other alternatives available to achieve the objectives of the owner and the applicant;
- (3) The extent to which the proposed alteration or significant change may be necessary to meet the requirements of any other law, statute, ordinance, regulation, code or ordinance; and
- (4) The extent to which the proposed alteration or significant change is necessary or appropriate to achieving for the owner or applicant a reasonable return on the site, improvement or object, taking into consideration the factors specified in Section 10 of this ordinance and the economic consequences of denial.

SECTION 10. Criteria and Procedures for Evaluation of Economic Impact.

(1) At the public hearing on any application for a certificate of appropriateness the commission shall, when requested by the property owner, consider evidence of the economic impact on the owner of denial or partial denial of a certificate. In no case may a certificate be denied, in whole or in part, where the commission establishes that the denial or partial denial will, when available incentives are utilized, deprive the owner of a reasonable economic use of the object, improvement, or site.

A certificate of appropriateness shall be granted, subject to conditions stipulated by the commission, if a structural evaluation by the owner and confirmed by the commission

demonstrates that the significant feature or features at issue are beyond reasonable repair and a hazardous condition exists.

- (2) In determining whether denial or partial denial of a certificate of appropriateness will permit the owner a reasonable economic use of an object, improvement or site the commission shall consider the following factors:
- (i) the market value of the site, improvement or object in its existing condition taking into consideration the ability to maintain, operate or rehabilitate the site, improvement or object (a) with the alterations or changes sought by the owner and (b) without the alterations or changes sought by the owner. Available incentives shall be included in both calculations of market value.
- (ii) the owner's yearly net return on the site, improvement or object, to the extent available, during the five years prior to the hearing;
- (iii) Estimates of the owner's future net yearly return on the site, improvement or object with and without the alterations or changes sought by the owner and with available incentives;
- (iv) The net return and the rate of return necessary to attract capital for investment (a) in such site, improvement or object and in the land on which the site, improvement or object is situated without the alterations or changes sought by the owners and available incentives, if such information is available or, if such information is not available, (b) in a comparable site, improvement or object and in the land on which such comparable site, improvement or object is situated; and

(v) The net return and rate of return realized on comparable sites, improvements or objects not subject to this ordinance.

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Upon written request from the commission, the owner or person in charge shall provide the commission with such information as is necessary and sufficient to make the determinations required hereunder.

(3) Upon reasonable notice to the owner, the commission may appoint an expert or experts to provide advice and/or testimony concerning the value of the property, the availability of incentives and the economic impacts of approval, denial or partial denial of a certificate of appropriateness.

SECTION 11. Reconsideration; Appeals from Decisions of the Commission.

(1) Any interested person of record aggrieved by a preliminary determination of the commission finding that a district, site, improvement or object is ineligible for designation may, within thirty-five (35) calendar days of the date of notice of the determination, petition the commission for reconsideration of that determination on the ground that the determination was based on errors or omissions of fact or that new information bearing on the determination and not discoverable by the petitioner at the time of the determination is available. The petition for reconsideration shall be filed with the historic preservation officer and shall be accompanied by a statement of the grounds for the petition and supporting documents. Within sixty (60) calendar days of a petition for reconsideration, the commission shall, after review of the record, affirm, modify or reverse its prior determination and may render a revised determination. The commission may, in its discretion, hold a hearing on the petition for

reconsideration. The action of the commission denying reconsideration and affirming its preliminary determination that a district, site, improvement or object is ineligible for designation shall be final unless, within twenty (20) calendar days from the date of the action, an interested person of record obtains a writ of certiorari from the superior court of King County, state of Washington, for the purpose of review of the action taken.

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- (b) If the commission determines, upon reconsideration, that the district, site, improvement or object is eligible for designation, a hearing on the designation shall be scheduled pursuant to section 7, and the provisions of section 8 shall apply.
- (2) Any interested person of record aggrieved by a decision of the commission designating or rejecting a nomination for designation of a district, site, improvement or object or issuing or denying a certificate of appropriateness may, within thirty-five (35) calendar days of mailing of notice of such designation or rejection of nomination, or of such issuance or denial of a certificate of appropriateness appeal such decision in writing to the Council. The written notice of appeal shall be filed with the historic preservation officer and the clerk of the council and shall be accompanied by a statement setting forth the grounds for the appeal, supporting documents, and argument.
- (a) If, after examination of the written appeal and the record, the council determines, that: (1) An error in fact may exist in the record, it shall remand the proceeding to the commission for reconsideration or, if the council determines that: (2) the decision of the commission is based on an error in judgment or conclusion, it may modify or reverse the decision of the commission.

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- appeal from a decision of the commission by adoption of an ordinance, and when so doing, it shall make and enter findings of fact from the record and reasons therefrom which support its action. Said findings and reasons shall set forth and demonstrate the manner in which the action carries out and helps to implement the goals, objectives and criteria set forth in this ordinance and other King County policies and objectives. The council may adopt all or portions of the commission's findings and reasons.
- (d) The action of the council approving or rejecting a decision or recommendation of the commission shall be final unless within twenty days from the date of the action an interested person of record obtains a writ of certiorari from the superior court of King County, state of Washington, for the purpose of review of the action taken.

## SECTION 12. Funding Procedures.

(1) The commission shall have the power to make grants of funds received by it from private sources and from local, state and federal programs for purposes of maintaining, purchasing or restoring improvements, sites or districts it deems significant pursuant to the goals, objectives and criteria set forth in this ordinance if such improvements, sites or districts have been nominated or designated as landmarks pursuant to this ordinance. The commission shall establish rules and regulations governing procedures for applying for and awarding of grant monies pursuant to this section.

(2) The commission may, at the request of the historic preservation officer and King County Department of Planning and Community Development, review proposals submitted to that Department for funds made available for grants to be made by the Department through the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C., § 5301 et seq., the State and Local Fiscal Assistance Act of 1972, 31 U.S.C., § 1221 et seq., the Museum Assistance Program and other applicable local, state and federal funding programs. Upon review of such grant proposals, the commission shall make recommendations to the Department concerning which proposals should be funded, the amount of the grants that should be awarded, the conditions that should be placed on the grant, and such other matters as the commission deems appropriate. The historic preservation officer shall keep the commission apprised of the status of grant proposals, deadlines for submission of proposals and the recipients of grant funds.

SECTION 13. Violations - Civil Penalty.

Any person violating or failing to comply with the provisions of section 8 of this ordinance shall incur a civil penalty of up to five hundred dollars per day and each day's violation or failure to comply shall constitute a separate offense; provided, however, that no penalty shall be imposed for any violation or failure to comply which occurs during the pendency of legal proceedings filed in any court challenging

	the validity of the provision or provisions of this ordinance,
	as to which such violations or failure to comply is charged.
	INTRODUCED and READ for the first time this Athday
I	of <u>October</u> , 1989.
	PASSED this 7th day of april, 1980.
	KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON
	Chairman Chairman
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ľ	ATTEST:
	Clerk of the Council
	APPROVED this 22 day of April , 1980.
-	Adet V. Author/for
	King county Executive